Right on 2

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Student's Book



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• My World

1

Vocabulary

◄) 1.2 Listen and repeat.

Appearance



What's in this module?

Vocabulary

- appearance & clothes
- free-time activities
- feelings
- character
- phrases with do, have, make, take

• Grammar

- present simple
- present continuous
- adverbs of frequency
- stative verbs
- prepositions of time
- past simple used to
- past continuous

Speaking

- describe a person
- express likes/dislikes

Writing

- a paragraph about the findings of a survey
- comment on a blog
- CLIL (Citizenship): A Rainbow of People
- Culture: UK escape rooms
- Values: Friendship



Chris



short/ brown

tall/chubby



eyes

age



in his (early/mid/ late) twenties/ thirties

other



glasses

Lucy

Lyn

beard





2 Use the words in Ex. 1 to describe the people in the pictures, as in the example.

Chris is young, short and thin with short straight fair hair.

Clothes

- 3 Who's wearing ...
 - 1 blue shorts & trainers?
 - 2 a red top and gloves?
 - 3 a checked red and black shirt?
 - **4** a stripey black and white T-shirt
 - 5 a black suit & high heels?

Sue

Gome

Choose a person. Make three mistakes. Your partner corrects them. Chris is tall and thin with short curly fair hair. He's wearing jeans.

Jane

Anna

Ceith

O - Reading

Reading



Read the text quickly. Find the names of: two school subjects, two sports, a famous singer, a pet, a drink.

When does school start and finish?

8:45 am to 2:45 pm, Monday to Friday. In the afternoon, I have extra Art and English classes, too. Right now, I'm studying for my English class. I'm sitting an English test tomorrow.

Do you get homework?

Yes, I do. After school, I take a break, then I do my homework. I usually stop around 8 o'clock in the evening.

Do you get any pocket money?

Every day, my parents give me some money for a snack. If I want to buy a CD, or something like that, I have to ask them for extra money.

What do you do in your free time?

I mostly play football and volleyball. This Saturday, I'm playing for my school football team. I also enjoy computer games, or listening to my CDs. My favourite singer is Eminem. On Saturdays, I usually go to the cinema with my friends.

Where do you live?

In a four-bedroom flat with my parents, my sister, and our cat. My uncle is staying with us at the moment. He used to have his own house but he is looking for a small flat now.

Do you argue with your parents?

Nothing really serious. Sometimes we argue about me playing computer games too often. My mum is always complaining about me drinking cola. She says it's bad for my health.

What do you like and hate about being 13?

I've got a really nice family and a lot of good friends. The only problem is my parents think I'm still a baby.

What do you worry about?

I worry about my future. I don't know what job I want to do.



- (1-4) 1.3 Listen to and read the interview and match the four sections (1-4) to the headings in the list. One heading does not match. Write in your notebook.
 - Food Hopes & Fears School life Hobbies & Free time House & Home
- **3** Think Make notes under the headings in Ex. 2 about Filip, then about you. How similar/different is your lifestyle to his? Tell the class.

What's life like for 13-year-olds? In this issue, TEENS talks to Filip, a boy from Warsaw.

issue
extra
pocket money
argue about

2

• worry about

Vocabulary

Free-time activities

4 a) **◄**) **1.4** Listen and repeat.

- going to amusement parks surfing the Net
- playing sports
 watching TV series/videos
- spending time with family/friends
- going to the cinema reading books/magazines
- listening to music posting photos on social media
- exercising
 drawing/painting
- going shopping making videos
- playing video/computer games

b) Which of the activities can you see in the pictures?

Speaking

5 The graph shows what students in Filip's class like doing in their free time. Look and make sentences, as in the example.

In Filip's class, 86% (eighty-six per cent) like surfing the Net in their free time.

surf the Net	86%
play video games	70%
spend time with family/friends	62%
listen to music	50%
go to amusement parks	32%
play sports	57%
go to the cinema	43%
read books	15%
go shopping	5%

5

3

Writing

6 In groups of three, list six of the activities in Ex. 5. Give them to your classmates to tick (</) what they do/don't do at the weekends. Collect the answers and put them together. As a group, analyse the answers and write a short paragraph about your findings.

b - Grammar



Present simple – Present continuous

We use the **present simple** to talk about:

- habits/routines. They walk to school every day. He doesn't leave home at 7:00. Does he have lunch at school? Yes, he does.
- general states & facts. He speaks English. Water boils at 100°C.
- timetables. The film starts at 6:00.

Time expressions: every day/morning/weekend, often, always, never, on Mondays, once/twice a week/month, etc.

We use the present continuous to talk about:

- actions happening now/around the time of speaking. He's studying now. They are living with me these days. She isn't sleeping now. Is she reading? No, she isn't.
- temporary situations. He is working at a café for the summer.
- fixed future arrangements. We're travelling to London tomorrow.

Time expressions: *now, at the moment, at present, tonight, these days,* etc.

1 Read the theory box. How do we form the *present simple*? the *present continuous*?

2 Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form of the *present simple*.

- 1 Mr Todd ______ (teach) Drama.
- 2 Eva _____ (not/sing) very well.
- 3 _____ (you/like) hanging out at the shopping centre?
- 4 _____ (your mum/work) on Saturdays?
- 5 I _____ (not/speak) Spanish very well.



Adverbs of

frequency

Adverbs of

frequency tell us how often something happens.

the verb to be.

Ask and answer questions. Use adverbs of frequency.

- 1 How often/you/eat pizza? A: How often do you eat
 - pizza?

3

Δ

- B: I usually eat pizza twice a
 - month.

- 2 How often/your mum/surf the Net?
- 3 How often/you/go to bed late?
- **4** How often/you/play football?
- 5 How often/your dad/go shopping?

Complete the gaps with the *present continuous* form of the verbs in brackets.

They are: always (100%) usually (75%) often (50%) sometimes (25%) seldom/rarely (10%) never (0%)

They go *before* the main verb but *after*

- 1 They _____ (not/come) with us tonight.
- 2 I _____ (meet) George for lunch tomorrow.
- 3 _____ (you/listen) to me?
- 4 Jenny _____ (cook) at the moment.
- 5 Ed ______ (sleep) on the sofa for the week.
- 6 _____ (you/leave) for school now?

1b

Note!

Stative verbs

- Some verbs don't have continuous forms because they describe a state rather than an action (*want*, *like*, *love*, *hate*, *know*, *believe*, *need*, etc.). She knows him. (NOT: <u>She'sknowing-him</u>.)
- **5** Put the verbs in brackets into the *present simple* or the *present continuous*.
 - A Hi Mary. You 1) ______ (look) nice in your new jeans.
 - B Thanks. Who 2) _____ (you/wait) for?
 - Anna. We **3)** ______ (go) to a school music performance.
 - B What time 4) ______ (it/start)?
 - A At 5, I 5) ______ (think), but I 6) _____ (not/be) sure exactly. Anna 7) _____ (know).
 - B How long 8) _____ (it/last)?
 - An hour and a half.
 - B 9) _____ (you/want) to come to my house afterwards?
 - Thanks, but I can't. I **10)**______(meet) Sheila for dinner.

Put the verbs in brackets into the *present simple* or the *present continuous*.

- B That's OK. Have a nice time.
- A Thanks, same to you.



7

6

Prepositions of time

Note!

at + time, periods of time, festivities (at 12:00, at night, at the weekend, at Easter)

in + months, years, centuries, seasons, parts of day (in June, in 2004, in the 11th century, in summer, in the evening) on + days, dates,

on + days, dates, specific periods of time/days (on Tuesday, on 6th April, on New Year's Day, on Monday mornings)

	Compose	Inbox	Trash
	Sec	arch	
Hi Monica,			
How 1)	(you/be	;) ? I'm in S	cotland for
a summer course. It 2) _		(rain)	quite a lot
here, but I 3)		(not/mind)).
Lessons 4)	(start) at	8:30 ever	y morning
and 5)(finish) at 4:0	00 in the a	ifternoon. I
6) (hav	e) a very l	ousy schec	Jule, but l
7)			8
you? 8)	(learn)	to play the	e bagpipes
in my music class!			
special project. We 10) _			
information on Highland a	5		
(also/ have) dance classe			
(put) on a performance o		f the course	≥.
Have to go now. Talk soo	∩.		
Becky			Send ,

Ask and answer questions based on the email in Ex. 6.

A: Where is Becky? B: In Scotland. Why is she there?



Play in teams. In 2 minutes, write sentences using these time words/expressions.

• now • every Monday morning • at the moment • tonight • these days • always

• every summer • on Sunday afternoon • at the weekend • in winter • in the evening

IC · Vocabulary

Feelings

a) () 1.5 Listen and repeat.



Use the adjectives in Ex. 2 to talk about your friends and family members, as in the example.

A: What is your best friend like?

3

B: He's cheerful. He smiles a lot. He can be bossy at times. He likes telling people what to do.

Everyday English • 1d

Describing a person

1

 (\mathbf{A})

(B)

a) Read the dialogue. Which teacher (A or B) are Jessica and Rita talking about?

b) Complete the dialogue. Use the sentences in the list. One sentence is extra.

- Jessica Did you meet the new teacher in school, Rita?
- Rita No, I didn't. 1) ___
- Jessica Well, he's of medium height and he's quite slim.
- Rita Oh, really? 2) ____
- Jessica No, it's dark actually!

C

tall/slim/ funny/clever

- Rita 3)
- Jessica He's quite cheerful and very popular already! Look! He's chatting with Mr Prosser.
 - Rita 4)
- Jessica That's right.

- A Is his hair fair?
- B What does he look like?
- C How old is he?
- D What's he like?
- E Is he the one with a short beard and a moustache?

of medium height/thin/

cheerful/energetic

- **2 •**) **1.6** Listen, read and check.
- 3 Read the dialogue again. What does the new teacher look like? What is he like?
- 4 Act out a similar dialogue. Use one of the teachers in the pictures (C or D), and the dialogue in Ex. 1 as a model.

D

Pronunciation pronounced/silent 'h'

(1) 1.7 Listen and repeat. In which words is 'h' silent? Circle them.

happy
 honest
 hate
 hour
 what
 high
 exhausted

e • Grammar



No, I didn't. It **used to be** on Tuesdays, but coach **changed** it to Thursdays.

Past simple – used to

We use the **past simple** for actions:

- that started and finished in the past. She had lunch an hour ago. He didn't come to the party last Friday evening. Did he leave yesterday? Yes, he did.
- happening one after the other in the past. He woke up, got dressed and had breakfast.

We use *used to* to talk about things that happened regularly in the past but they don't happen anymore. He **used to** walk to school. He **didn't use to go** to school by bus. **Did** he **use to** go to school with his friends? No **he didn't**.

Time expressions: yesterday, ago, last week/month, etc.

Read the theory box. Then, put the verbs in brackets into the *past simple*. Which verbs are regular? Which are irregular?

COMPANY C RONTFOLD C REPARE C COMPANY C

Last week, my family and I 1)	(travel) to Orlando,	
Florida. On our last day there, w	e 2) (visit) the	
Wizarding World of Harry Potter ther	me park at Universal Orlando Resort.	
We 3) (leave)	for the park early in the morning.	
Once we 4) (ar	rive), 5) (not/	
want) to miss anything so I 6)	(rush) to Hogwarts	
Castle. Then, I 7)	(go) on all the rides at the park	
and my sister 8) (watch) the show at Ollivanders		
Nand Shop. At the end of the day, we 9) (eat) at The		
Three Broomsticks restaurant.		
On our way back to the hotel, I 10) (fall) asleep in	
the car almost immediately. It 11) _	(be) a wonderful	
day!		

Posted by: Tom, 12 December at 2:15 pm

2 Form complete questions. Then, read the blog in Ex. 1 and answer them.

- Tom & his family/go/London/ last summer
 Did Tom and his family go to London last summer?
 No, they didn't. They went to Orlando, Florida.
- 2 they/visit/Universal Studios
- **3** Tom's sister/go/on all the rides at the park

James used to live in a village.

- 4 they/have/dinner/at their hotel
- 5 his sister/fall/asleep/in the car

Write what James used to/didn't use to do when he was 6.

- 1 live in a village (✓)
- 2 wear glasses (X)

3

- 3 read comic books (
- 4 spend summers at the seaside (</
- 5 go sailing (X)
- 6 play video games (X)

What did your partner use to do when he/she was six? Ask to find out, then tell the class.

Past continuous (*was/were* + main verb + *-ing* form)



			-
)		affirmative	negative
		I was eating at 6 pm.	I wasn't eating at 6 pm.
16		You were eating at 6 pm.	You weren't eating at 6 pm.
		He/She/It was eating at 6 pm.	He/She/lt wasn't eating at 6 pm.
		We/You/They were eating at 6 pm.	We/You/They weren't eating at 6 pm.
		interrogative	short answers
		Was eating at 6 pm?	Yes, was./No, wasn't.
-		Were you eating at 6 pm?	Yes, you were./No, you weren't.
	2	Was he/she/it eating at 6 pm?	Yes, he/she/it was./No, he/she/it wasn't.
	1	Were we/you/they eating at 6 pm?	Yes, we/you/they were./No, we/you/they weren't.
)		We use the past continuous for:	weren t.
		-	ime in the past. He was watching TV at 7
		o'clock last night.	
			ame time in the past. She was sleeping
		while he was surfing the Net.	
		 an action in progress (past conti it (past simple). He was cooking 	nuous) when another action interrupted
5		· · · · · ·	ay morning/etc, at 10 o'clock last night, etc.
Re	ad	the theory box. Then, complete t	he sentences. Use these verbs in the
		continuous: rain, swim, watch, no	
		was raining	
		т\т	
3	Th	ne Turners	a picnic at 12 o' clock yesterday.
4	Fr	an's sister her	new video game yesterday afternoon.
5	She in the pool last Saturday afternoon.		
Fo	rm	questions and then answer them	using the past continuous.
1	Ha	arry/send/emails/at 10 o'clock/last i	night – No/chat online
		ary/cook/yesterday morning – No/	5
		att and Eve/post photos online/on	
		ou/do/your homework/yesterday at	
4	уU	and a second a second	itemoon at 5 0 clock – Tes
Pu	t t	he verbs in brackets into the <i>past</i>	simple or the past continuous.
4	1)	(you/hav	ve) a nice time in London?
B			htseeing tour on a double-decker bus.
		eally? 3) (i	_
B	w	(aet)	on the bus and 5)
	(a	o) straight to the top deck. 6)	(take) photos while
1	Da	ad 7) (film) the	(take) photos while e sights when it 8)
	(s1	tart) raining.	
Δ	Pc	oor you!	

If • Skills

om's



ESCAPE ROOMS

BLOG

HOME

Let me OUP of here?

PHOTOS

ABOUT

A tall man with a beard brought us into a room. As he was leaving, he said, "Get out of this room in 60 minutes – or you lose!" Then the door slammed shut.

Hi everyone! Tom here. Don't worry – we weren't in danger. I'm talking about an escape room! My friends and I went to one at the weekend, and we had an amazing time! Escape rooms are like computer games in real life. You have to search the room for clues to get through the exit before your time runs out.

Our room looked exactly like a Pharaoh's tomb. We had to find clues and solve puzzles in order to get out. We were very excited, but at first, we didn't know what to do! Daniel was shaking all the pots while I was tapping the walls, looking for a hidden door. We had some arguments and made the room kind of a



slam
exit
clue
tomb
shake

• get the hang of

relief
 hooked

mess, but finally, Gemma found the clue that helped us do the first puzzle, and after that we got the hang of it. Just as the clock was counting down towards zero, we solved the last one and the exit door opened. Phew! What a relief! It was our first time in an escape room, so we all felt really happy that we managed to do it. Now, we're hooked! We all agreed to go again on Gemma's birthday next week,

Reading

2

(1) 1.8 Read the title of the blog and the first paragraph. What do you think the blog entry is about? Listen and read to find out.

- Read again and choose the correct item.
 - 1 Tom went to the escape room alone/with one friend/with more than one friend.
 - 2 The theme of the escape room Tom went to was historical/present day/ futuristic.
 - 3 Tom/Daniel/Gemma has a birthday soon.

Read the text again and replace the words in **bold below** with words/ phrases from the text.

- 1 The escape room they went to looked like this.
- 2 They weren't sure about what to do at first.
- 3 She found the first clue.
- 4 They're going to another one soon.





Vocabulary

Phrases with make, have, take, do

- **4** Fill in: *make*, *have*, *take*, *do*. Then, check in your dictionary. Choose five phrases and make sentences about you.
 - 1 _____ photos, your time, a break
 - 2 _____ a great time, fun, a chat
 - 3 _____ homework, a puzzle, chores
 - 4 _____ a mess, a noise, a mistake

Prepositions

5

Choose the correct preposition. Check in your dictionary.

- 1 The waiting room was full with/of people.
- 2 You sometimes think you are at/in danger, but you aren't.
- 3 Do you want to come to an escape room in/at the weekend?
- 4 We are going for dinner in a restaurant at/on my birthday.

Speaking

5 Think **222** What makes escape rooms popular with teens?



The first escape room opened in Japan in 2007. Now there are over 350 of them in the UK alone! The Harry Potter escape room is one of the most popular with teens.



Are there escape rooms in your country? Which types are the most popular?

8

Listening

(1) 1.9 Listen to Sam and Jessica talking about escape rooms. Match the people (1-5) to the theme of their escape room (a-h).

Jessica 🕕	o detective
Sam 🕗	🧿 spaceship
Kevin	📀 ancient Egypt
Tracy 🕘	O mystery
Andy 适	e adventure
	🕕 submarine
	🧿 pirate
	old castle

Writing (a comment on a blog)

Imagine you went to an escape room. Post a comment on Tom's blog. Write: what the theme was – who you did it with – what you enjoyed about it (80-100 words).

Study skills

Using dictionaries Dictionaries

present words in alphabetical order. When you find the word you are looking for, read what it means, how to pronounce it and what part of speech it is.

• CLIL (Citizenship)

- Video
- 1.10 Look at the picture and read the title of the text and the headings in Ex. 2. What do you expect to read about? Listen, read and check.

A Rainbow of People!

3

1

2

Imagine a world with no differences at all. You go to a party, and everyone is wearing the same clothes. You are at a restaurant, but there's only one thing on the menu to eat. You go to the cinema, but it only ever shows the same film. Does it sound like fun?

The students at your school are the same in some ways. You all start and finish at the same time. You do the same lessons and homework. You follow the same rules and maybe you wear the same clothes – a uniform. But that doesn't mean there are no differences!

Some students are good at schoolwork, some are good at sports. Some are tall and some are short. Some have got dark hair, but others have fair hair. This boy is shy, while that one is talkative. One girl is very energetic, and another is always cheerful. Some walk around while others use a wheelchair.



The world is full of difference, but this is what makes it so wonderful. Red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo and violet are all lovely colours, but they can only make a beautiful rainbow when they stand together in the sky. In fact, they are more beautiful together than when they are apart. Being different together is what gives life colour.



Read again and match the headings to the paragraphs.

- A Better together
- **B** Contrasts

2

3

imagine
 show

uniform

wheelchair

indigo
 violet

- **C** The same but different
- **D** A boring world

Think Think of a friend of yours. Tell the class three ways you are the same and three ways you are different.

22

Project Time 1

Are you a good friend? Take the quiz to find out.

You're friends, but are you 'Best Friends Forever'? Take our quiz and see!

1 Do you know who your friend's favourite actor/actress is?

BFF Quiz

Right on

X

X

X

X

X

Х

X

X

Х

X

- 2 Do you share all your secrets with your friend?3 Do you often fight with your friend?
- **4** Do you listen to your friend's problems?
- **5** Do you forgive your friend's mistakes?
- **6** Do you do things just to make your friend happy?
- 7 Do you know how to make your friend laugh?
- 8 Does your friend cry in front of you?
- **9** Do you always tell the truth to your friend?
- **10** Do you keep your friend's secrets?

s-10 √s = BFFs 6-7 √s = good friends 3-5 √s = just friends 1-2 √s = needs work!

It's International Friendship Day. Find a good quote and prepare a poster for the class. Use the key words: *friendship quotes*.

3 Think What makes a good friend? Put the ideas in the list under the headings. Add two more of your own.

- helps you lies to you cares about you listens to your problems
- tells others your secrets is there for you keeps their promises
- ignores you doesn't share their things is fun to be with
- gossips about you
 makes you sad

A good friend...

A bad friend...

Presentation skills

4 Use the ideas in Ex. 3 to prepare and give a presentation on how to be a good friend.

VALUES Friendship

5

Think "A friend to all is a friend to none." Discuss with your partner.

See Song Section p. 106

don't

always

THERE.

• Progress Check

Vocabulary

Look at the picture and choose the correct word.

This is Steve. He's fifteen years old. He's 1) tall/long and 2) thin/chubby. He's got short, 3) straight/wavy, 4) dark/fair hair, blue eyes, a big nose and full lips. He's a 5) bored/cheerful boy and usually looks 6) happy/popular. However, he looks 7) shy/angry today because he's very 8) impatient/generous and hates 9) caring/waiting for

people. He and his **10) best/favourite** friend Jim always

11) go/play basketball

together **12) at/in** 6 pm on Wednesdays, but Jim is late today.

12 x 1 = 12

2 Match the words to form phrases.

TAP!

pocket	0	0	park	
early	2	b	height	
amusement	3	С	twenties	
computer	4	d	money	
medium	6	e	games	
				5 x 1 = 5

3 Complete with: *spend*, *worry*, *break*, *complain*, *issue*.

- 1 I bought the new _____ of my favourite comic.
- **2** Do you _____ time with your family at the weekend?
- **3** After we take a(n) _____, we can do our homework.
- 4 My parents always _____ about me watching too much TV.
- 5 Don't _____ about your future so much.

Grammar

4 Put the verbs in brackets into the present simple or the present continuous.

C		
	On weekdays, Jeremy 1) (wake)
R	up at 7 am. He 2) (get) di	ressed
Z	and 3) (have) breakfast	before
R	going to school. After school, he 4)	
<u> </u>	(do) his homework and then, he 5)	
	(watch) TV. Today is Saturday. Jeremy 6)	
N	(not/go) to school. He and his friends	
	7) (play) ice	TAXA DO
	hockey. Jeremy 8)	
2	(love) ice hockey. He also	
R	9) (train)	
	with his team twice a week. They	120
Ę	10) (play) in the	
	championship next week.	No.
5		
5		
		Contraction of the local division of the loc

5 Put the verbs in brackets into the *past simple* or the *past continuous*.

- 1 While I _____ (visit) Romania last month, I _____ (see) amazing sights.
- 2 Tony _____ (stand) up, _____ (take) his coat and (leave) the house.
- 3 What _____ (you/do) at 4 o'clock in the afternoon yesterday?
- 4 George _____ (not/sleep) when I _____ (arrive) home.
- 5 Mario _____ (not/come) to the party with us last night because he _____ (be) tired.

10 x 1 = 10

6 Choose the correct item.

- 1 She use/used to ride her bike to school.
- 2 They didn't use/used to travel abroad.
- 3 Did Ian use/used to have long hair?
- 4 We used to/used go skating.
- 5 I didn't used/use to play golf.
- 6 You use/used to like cola.
- 7 Did Tom used/use to buy CDs?

Reading

7 Read the email and replace the words in bold with words from the text.

Search

Q

Compose

Inbox

Trash

Hi Paul,

It sounds like you had a great summer holiday.

Sorry I didn't write earlier, but I was on holiday with my parents in Zakynthos. It's a beautiful Greek island and the home of the famous Caretta Caretta turtle. We joined a project called Operation Coastal Clean-up. We travelled along the coast collecting rubbish and waste and cleaning up the beaches. We also swam in the crystal clear waters and attended some local festivals. I was sad to leave, but it was a unique experience. It's my birthday next Saturday. Why don't you come

and spend the weekend with us? My dad can give you a lift from the station. Please come. All the best.

Mark



- 1 He went with them on holiday.
- 2 It is a Greek island.
- 3 It lives in Zakynthos.
- 4 They swam there.
- 5 It is his birthday next Saturday.
- 6 He can give Paul a lift from the station.

Listening

- (1) 1.11 Listen to Liam and his mother talking about his first day at a new school. Match the people (1-6) to the adjectives (a-h).
 - Mr Franklin 1 ----- o cheerful
 - Josh 2 5 generous
 - Kim 🕄 💿 popular
 - Roger (4) (3) talkative
 - Cybil 6 honest
 - Giorgio 🙆
 - impatientenergetic
 - bossy
 - DOSSY

Everyday English

- **9** Complete the dialogue with sentences a-e.
 - a What's she like?
 - **b** Let's go meet her now!
 - **c** Is she the one in the red T-shirt and jeans?
 - d What does she look like?
 - e Did you meet the new girl in school?
 - A Hi Carrie! 1
 - B No, I didn't. 2
 - A Well, she's tall and slim.
 - **B 3** Is she friendly?
 - A Yes, she is. She's very energetic too.
 - **B** 4
 - A That's right. 5

5 x 2 = 10

Writing

10 Write a blog entry about a summer holiday experience of yours (80-100 words).

16 points TOTAL: 100 points

Competences
Good \star Very Good $\star\star$ Excellent $\star\star\star$
Now I can
Vocabulary
• talk about appearance, clothes, character, feelings & activities $$
Reading
 match headings to paragraphs ☆☆☆ identify key information (multiple choice) ☆☆☆
Listening
listen for key information (multiple matching) $\cancel{4}$
Speaking
• describe a person ☆☆☆
Writing
write a paragraph analysing a survey a company

write a paragraph analysing a survey; a comment on a blog $\cancel{2} \cancel{2} \cancel{2} \cancel{2}$

6 x 3 = 18